Kansas Council for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision Committee Meeting  
April 13, 2012  
12:00pm  
Kansas Department of Corrections Main Conference Room

Committee members in attendance: Steve Karrer, Norbert Marek, Kathleen Graves, Terri Williams, Caleb Stegall, Dorthy Stucky Halley (phone), and Tyler Garretson (phone)

Others in attendance: Kimberly Schwant, Jeremy Barclay, and Kelsee Hickey

- Steve Karrer called the meeting to order at 12:12; only 5 members were present at this time, so the meeting began as an informational meeting. Dorthy Stucky Halley joined the meeting by phone at 12:15.
- Kimberly handed out Interstate rules to each Committee member
  - Please contact Kimberly if you have questions about any of the rules
  - The National Committee votes on rule changes every two years; the next voting period will be 2013.
    - The 2011 rule changes included transfers for military residency and required supervision history from the current supervisor if the offender has been supervised for more than 30 days.
    - These changes became effective as of March 1, 2012.
    - The next National meeting will be the last week of August 2012.
  - Kimberly facilitated a discussion on whether the Committee should place restrictions on offenders wanting to leave Kansas to a state that does not have GPS monitoring. States must supervise an Interstate Compact offender as they would their own offenders.
    - Currently, Kansas only uses GPS monitoring, not electronic monitoring.
      - Electronic monitoring is an ankle bracelet that monitors if the offender is at home at a certain time.
      - GPS monitoring can track the specific location of the offender at any given time.
    - Kimberly will propose to Harry, National Commissioner that a posting should be available on the National website to verify which states have electronic monitoring and GPS monitoring. She will try to obtain a list by the next meeting.
    - The 5 states Kansas contracts out to include Missouri, Texas, Oklahoma, Colorado, and Arkansas. The 5 states Kansas receives contacts from include Missouri, Texas, Oklahoma, Colorado, and Nebraska.
      - All of these states currently have GPS monitoring capabilities.
  - Tyler Garretson joined the meeting by phone at 12:30; Quorum was then reached.
• Steve Karrer moved to approve the minutes from the December 16, 2011 meeting.
  o Dorthy Stucky Halley seconded the approval
  o All Committee members voted to approve the minutes

• Steve Karrer moved to set the next Kansas Council for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision Committee meeting to **Friday, August 17th at Noon** in the Kansas Department of Correction’s Main Conference Room.
  o Terri Williams seconds this motion
  o The Committee voted to approve this meeting time.

• Currently, the website states that offenders must pay a $75.00 application fee. This is not being implemented. It was previously proposed that $50.00 of this fee was to go to Interstate Compact for administrative costs, and the remaining $25.00 to Victims’ Services. Steve Karrer suggested the Committee should determine if an application fee should be charged.
  o One third of the states charge an application fee. The majority of the states charge a supervision fee.
  o There is not a system in Kansas set up to process fees, track offenders’ payments, and it is unclear where the money would actually go.
  o Kansas Interstate Compact processes up to 20 applications a day.
  o Offenders are currently struggle to pay court fees, supervision fees, etc. so it is somewhat unreasonable to expect them to pay an application fee.
    • An example was discussed: An offender is currently residing at a homeless shelter in Kansas. They wish to move to Missouri where their mother has a place in her home for the offender. The offender would not be able to relocate to more satisfactory living situation due to him/her not having the $75.00 application fee.
  o Steve Karrer moved to remove the application fee for offenders leaving the state of Kansas.
    • Terri Williams seconds this motion.
    • The Committee votes to revoke the application fee.

• The Committee should be prepared to discuss if a policy change is needed to implement restrictions for offenders leaving the State.
  o Arizona has a strict policy; courts implement sentencing restrictions such as lifetime GPS monitoring for Jessica’s Law offenders, therefore Arizona offenders can only relocate to other states that have GPS monitoring.
    • Kimberly Schwant will bring a copy of Arizona’s policy to the next meeting
  o Kimberly Schwant will bring a list of all states that have electronic monitoring/GPS monitoring capabilities.
  o Kimberly Schwant will bring a list of Kansas statistics for those who require GPS monitoring as determined by the courts.

• Steve Karrer motioned to adjourn at 12:57, seconded by Terri Williams.