Title 2A. Chapter 168. Article 4. Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision §§1-14 -C.2A:168-26 to 2A:168-39

P.L. 2002, CHAPTER 111, approved December 11, 2002 Senate, No. 166 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning probationers and parolees, supplementing Title 30 2 of the Revised Statutes and repealing various parts of the statutory 3 law.

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5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. a. The Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

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12 INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR ADULT OFFENDER 13 SUPERVISION

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30 31 The Legislature hereby finds and declares the following:

The interstate compact for the supervision of Parolees and Probationers was established in 1937; it is the earliest corrections "compact" established among the states and has not been amended since its adoption for over 62 years;

This compact is the only vehicle for the controlled movement of adult parolees and probationers across state lines, and it currently has jurisdiction over more than a quarter of a million offenders;

The complexities of the compact have become more difficult to administer, and many jurisdictions have expanded supervision expectations to include currently unregulated practices such as victim input, victim notification requirements and sex offender registration;

After hearings, national surveys and a detailed study by a task force appointed by the National Institute of Corrections, the overwhelming recommendation has been to amend the document to bring about an effective management capacity that addresses public safety concerns and offender accountability; and

Upon the adoption of this Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision ¹by all states and territories of the United States ¹, it is the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SLP committee amendments adopted February 25, 2002.

² Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted September 19, 2002.

intention of the Legislature to repeal the previous Interstate Compact
 for the Supervision of Parolees and Probationers ¹ [on the effective
 date of this Compact] ¹.

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- b. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision."
- c. Article I. Purpose. The compacting states to this Interstate 6 7 Compact recognize that each state is responsible for the supervision 8 of adult offenders in the community who are authorized pursuant to 9 the bylaws and rules of this compact to travel across state lines both 10 to and from each compacting state in such a manner as to track the 11 location of offenders, transfer supervision authority in an orderly and 12 efficient manner and when necessary return offenders to the 13 originating jurisdictions.

The compacting states also recognize that Congress, by enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 U.S.C.§112 (1965), has authorized and encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime.

It is the purpose of this compact and the Interstate Commission created hereunder, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states: to provide the framework for the promotion of public safety and protect the rights of victims through the control and regulation of the interstate movement of offenders in the community; to provide for the effective tracking, supervision and rehabilitation of these offenders by the sending and receiving states; and to equitably distribute the costs, benefits and obligations of the compact among the compacting states.

In addition, this compact will: create an Interstate Commission which will establish uniform procedures to manage the movement between states of adults placed under community supervision and released to the community under the jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities, corrections or other criminal justice agencies which will promulgate rules to achieve the purpose of this compact; ensure an opportunity for input and timely notice to victims and to jurisdictions where defined offenders are authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines; establish a system of uniform data collection, access to information on active cases by authorized criminal justice officials, and regular reporting of compact activities to heads of state councils, state executive, judicial and legislative branches and criminal justice administrators; monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of offenders and initiate interventions to address and correct non-compliance; and coordinate training and education regarding regulations of interstate movement of offenders for officials involved in such activity.

The compacting states recognize that there is no "right" of any offender to live in another state and that duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times enter a receiving state and there 1 apprehend and retake any offender under supervision subject to the 2 provisions of this compact and bylaws and rules promulgated 3 hereunder.

It is the policy of the compacting states that the activities conducted by the Interstate Commission created herein are the formation of public policies and are therefore public business.

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2. Article II. Definitions.

9 As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a 10 different construction:

"Adult" means a person who is 18 years of age or older or a person who is under 18 years of age who either by statute or court order is considered an adult.

"By-laws" mean those by-laws established by the Interstate Commission for its governance, or for directing or controlling the Interstate Commission's actions or conduct.

"Compact administrator" means the individual in each compacting state appointed pursuant to the terms of this compact responsible for the administration and management of the State's supervision and transfer of offenders subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission and policies adopted by the State Council under this compact.

"Compacting state" means any state which has enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

"Commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article III of this compact.

"Interstate Commission" means the Interstate Commission for Adult Offender Supervision established by this compact.

"Member" means the commissioner of a compacting state or designee, who shall be a person officially connected with the commissioner.

"Non Compacting state" means any state which has not enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

"Offender" means an adult placed under, or subject to, supervision as the result of the commission of a criminal offense and released to the community under the jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities, corrections, or other criminal justice agencies.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, business enterprise, or other legal entity, either public or private.

"Rules" means acts of the Interstate Commission, duly promulgated pursuant to Article VIII of this compact, substantially affecting interested parties in addition to the Interstate Commission, which shall have the force and effect of law in the compacting states.

"State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia and any other territorial possessions of the United States.

46 "State Council" means the resident members of the State Council

for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision created by each state under Article IV of this compact.

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- 3. Article III. The Compact Commission.
- a. The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate Commission for Adult Offender Supervision." The Interstate Commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The Interstate Commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein, including the power to sue and be sued, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact.
- 13 b. The Interstate Commission shall consist of Commissioners 14 selected and appointed by resident members of a State Council for 15 Interstate Adult Offender Supervision for each state. In addition to 16 the Commissioners who are the voting representatives of each state, 17 the Interstate Commission shall include individuals who are not 18 commissioners but who are members of interested organizations. Such 19 non-commissioner members shall include a member of the national 20 organizations of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys 21 general and crime victims. All non-commissioner members of the 22 Interstate Commission shall be ex-officio (nonvoting) members. The 23 Interstate Commission may provide in its by-laws for such additional, 24 ex-officio, non-voting members as it deems necessary.
 - c. Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the by-laws of the Interstate Commission.
 - d. The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chairman may call additional meetings and, upon the request of 27 or more compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and meetings shall be open to the public.
- 35 e. The Interstate Commission shall establish an Executive 36 Committee which shall include commission officers, members and 37 others as shall be determined by the by-laws. The Executive 38 Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in 39 40 session, with the exception of rulemaking or amendment to the 41 Compact. The Executive Committee shall oversee the day-to-day 42 activities managed by the Executive Director and Interstate 43 Commission staff, administer enforcement and compliance with the 44 provisions of the compact, its by-laws and as directed by the Interstate 45 Commission and perform other duties as directed by Commission or 46 set forth in the by-laws.

4. Article IV. The State Council.

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- a. There is hereby established the New Jersey State Council for
 Interstate Adult Offender Supervision which shall consist of the
 following members:
 - (1) ²[one member] <u>two members</u>² of the General Assembly ², <u>no more than one of whom shall be of the same political party</u>, ² appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly;
 - (2) ²[one member] two members² of the Senate ², no more than one of whom shall be of the same political party.² appointed by the President of the Senate;
 - (3) ¹[A sitting judge appointed by the Chief Justice of the New Jersey Supreme Court] the Administrative Director of the Courts¹;
 - (4) the Commissioner of ²[the Department of] ² Corrections or his designee;
- 15 (5) a law enforcement officer and a representative from a crime 16 victim's organization, each appointed by the Governor with the advice 17 and consent of the Senate; and
 - (6) the Chairman of the State Parole Board ² [who, in addition to serving as a member of the council, shall be appointed as the compact administrator by the Governor]².
 - b. ²The Governor shall appoint a compact administrator who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The compact administrator may be a member of the State Council or a State government official with appropriate background and experience.² The compact administrator ²[is] shall be² the compact commissioner and presiding officer of the council and shall serve as the New Jersey Commissioner to the Interstate Commission.
 - c. Members of the Council shall be appointed for terms of four years and the terms of their successors shall be calculated from the expiration of the incumbent's term. Members shall serve until their successors are appointed and have qualified.
 - d. The State Council shall meet at least twice a year.
 - e. The State Council shall develop policies concerning the operation of the compact within this State. The State Council may adopt rules, including rules proposed by the commission for adoption by this state, to implement the compact.
- f. The State Council shall report annually to the Legislature concerning the activities of the council and the Interstate Commission.
- 40 5. Article V. Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission.
- The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:
 - a. To adopt a seal and suitable by-laws governing the
- 43 management and operation of the Interstate Commission;
- b. To promulgate rules which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact;

- 1 c. To oversee, supervise and coordinate the interstate movement 2 of offenders subject to the terms of this compact and any by-laws 3 adopted and rules promulgated by the compact commission;
- d. To enforce compliance with compact provisions, Interstate
 Commission rules, and by-laws, using all necessary and proper means,
 including but not limited to, the use of judicial process;
 - e. To establish and maintain offices;

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- f. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
- 9 g. To borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, 10 including, but not limited to, members and their staffs;
- h. To establish and appoint committees and hire staff which it deems necessary for the carrying out of its functions including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required by Article III which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties hereunder;
 - i. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine their qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to, among other things, conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel;
- j. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of same;
- 25 k. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or 26 otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal, 27 or mixed;
- 28 l. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or 29 otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed;
- m. To establish a budget and make expenditures and levy dues as provided in Article X of this compact;
 - n. To sue and be sued;
 - o. To provide for dispute resolution among compacting states;
- p. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate
 to achieve the purposes of this compact;
- q. To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission;
- r. To coordinate education, training and public awareness regarding the interstate movement of offenders for officials involved in such activity; and
- s. To establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting, and exchanging of data.

- 1 Article VI. Organization and Operation of the Interstate 2 Commission.
- 3 a. By-laws. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the Members, within twelve months of the first Interstate Commission 5 meeting, adopt by-laws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or 6 appropriate to carry out the purposes of the Compact, including, but 7 not limited to:
 - (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission.

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- 9 (2) Establishing an executive committee and such other committees 10 as may be necessary.
 - Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of committees, and governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the Interstate Commission.
 - (4) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting.
- 17 (5) Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of the 18 Interstate Commission.
- Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the 20 establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the Interstate Commission.
- 22 Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar laws of any 23 Compacting State, the by-laws shall exclusively govern the personnel 24 policies and programs of the Interstate Commission.
 - (7) Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of the Interstate Commission and the equitable return of any surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the Compact after the payment or reserving of all of its debts and obligations.
- 29 (8) Providing transition rules for "start up" administration of the 30 compact.
- 31 (9) Establishing standards and procedures for compliance and 32 technical assistance in carrying out the compact.
- 33 b. Officers and Staff. The Interstate Commission shall, by a 34 majority of the members, elect from among its members a chairman 35 and a vice chairman, each of whom shall have such authorities and duties as may be specified in the by-laws. The chairman, or in his 36 absence or disability, the vice chairman, shall preside at all meetings 37 38 of the Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall serve 39 without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate 40 Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted 41 funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for any actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties 42 43 and responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.
- 44 The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, 45 appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such 46 terms and conditions and for such compensation as the Interstate

Commission may deem appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, and hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a member.

- c. Corporate Records of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission shall maintain its corporate books and records in accordance with the by-laws.
- d. Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification. The members, officers, executive director and employees of the Interstate Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person.

The Interstate Commission shall defend the Commissioner of a Compacting State, or his representatives or employees, or the Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, in any civil action seeking to impose liability, arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided, that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from intentional wrongdoing on the part of such person.

The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and hold the Commissioner of a Compacting State, the appointed designee or employees, or the Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, harmless in the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided, that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from gross negligence or intentional wrongdoing on the part of such person.

- 7. Article VII. Activities of the Interstate Commission.
- a. The Interstate Commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact.
- b. Except as otherwise provided in this Compact and unless a greater percentage is required by the By-laws, in order to constitute

an act of the Interstate Commission, such act shall have been taken at a meeting of the Interstate Commission and shall have received an affirmative vote of a majority of the members present.

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- c. Each Member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right 5 and power to cast a vote to which that Compacting State is entitled 6 and to participate in the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission. A Member shall vote in person on behalf of the state and 8 shall not delegate a vote to another member state. However, a State Council shall appoint another authorized representative, in the absence 10 of the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the member state at a specified meeting. The By-laws may provide for Members' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication. conducted by telephone, or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication shall be subject to the same quorum requirements of meetings where members are present in person.
 - d. The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. The chairman of the Interstate Commission may call additional meetings at any time and, upon the request of a majority of the Members, shall call additional meetings.
 - e. The Interstate Commission's By-laws shall establish conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure any information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests. In promulgating such Rules, the Interstate Commission may make available to law enforcement agencies records and information otherwise exempt from disclosure, and may enter into agreements with law enforcement agencies to receive or exchange information or records subject to nondisclosure and confidentiality provisions.
 - f. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the Rules or as otherwise provided in the Compact. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate Rules consistent with the principles contained in the "Government in the Sunshine Act," 5 U.S.C. Section 552(b), as may be amended. The Interstate Commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to the public where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:
 - (1) relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
- 42 (2) disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by 43 statute;
 - (3) disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential;
- 46 (4) involve accusing any person of a crime, or formally censuring

any person;

- (5) disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (6) disclose investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
- (7) disclose information contained in or related to examination, operating or condition reports prepared by, or on behalf of or for the use of, the Interstate Commission with respect to a regulated entity for the purpose of regulation or supervision of such entity;
- (8) disclose information, the premature disclosure of which would significantly endanger the life of a person or the stability of a regulated entity; or
- (9) specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's issuance of a subpoena, or its participation in a civil action or proceeding.
- g. For every meeting closed pursuant to this provision, the Interstate Commission's chief legal officer shall publicly certify that, in his opinion, the meeting may be closed to the public, and shall reference each relevant exemptive provision.
- h. The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of any actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description of each of the views expressed on any item and the record of any roll call vote (reflected in the vote of each Member on the question). All documents considered in connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes.
- i. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the interstate movement of offenders as directed through its By-laws and Rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange and reporting requirements.

31 8. Article VIII. Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate 32 Commission.

- a. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate Rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the Compact including transition rules governing administration of the compact during the period in which it is being considered and enacted by the states.
- b. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Article and the By-laws and Rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the federal Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C.A. section 551 et seq., and the federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C.A. App. 2, section 1 et seq., as may be amended (hereinafter "APA").
- c. All Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each Rule or amendment.
- d. If a majority of the legislatures of the Compacting States rejects

a Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner
used to adopt the compact, then such Rule shall have no further force
and effect in any Compacting State.

- e. When promulgating a Rule, the Interstate Commission shall:
 - (1) publish the proposed Rule stating with particularity the text of the Rule which is proposed and the reason for the proposed Rule:
 - (2) allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and arguments, which information shall be publicly available;
 - (3) provide an opportunity for an informal hearing; and
- (4) promulgate a final Rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on the rulemaking record.

13 Not later than sixty days after a Rule is promulgated, any interested 14 person may file a petition in the United States District Court for the 15 District of Columbia or in the Federal District Court where the 16 Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review 17 of such Rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence (as defined in the APA) in the 18 19 rulemaking record, the court shall hold the Rule unlawful and set it 20 aside.

- f. Subjects to be addressed within 12 months after the first meeting must at a minimum include:
- 23 (1) notice to victims and opportunity to be heard;
- 24 (2) offender registration and compliance;
- 25 (3) violations/returns;

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- 26 (4) transfer procedures and forms;
 - (5) eligibility for transfer;
- 28 (6) collection of restitution and fees from offenders;
- 29 (7) data collection and reporting;
 - (8) the level of supervision to be provided by the receiving state;
 - (9) transition rules governing the operation of the compact and the Interstate Commission during all or part of the period between the effective date of the compact and the date on which the last eligible state adopts the compact; and
 - (10) Mediation, arbitration and dispute resolution.
 - g. The existing rules governing the operation of the previous compact superseded by this act shall be null and void twelve months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder.
 - h. Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that an emergency exists, it may promulgate an emergency rule which shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to said rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule.

9. Article IX. Oversight, Enforcement and Dispute Resolution by

the Interstate Commission.

a. Oversight. The Interstate Commission shall oversee the interstate movement of adult offenders in the compacting states and shall monitor such activities being administered in Non-compacting States which may significantly affect Compacting States.

The courts and executive agencies in each Compacting State shall enforce this Compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. In any judicial or administrative proceeding in a Compacting State pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.

b. Dispute Resolution. The Compacting States shall report to the Interstate Commission on issues or activities of concern to them, and cooperate with and support the Interstate Commission in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities.

The Interstate Commission shall attempt to resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to the Compact and which may arise among Compacting States and Non-compacting States.

The Interstate Commission shall enact a By-law or promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among the Compacting States.

c. Enforcement. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions of this compact using any or all means set forth in Article XII, section b., of this compact.

10. Article X. Finance.

- a. The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities.
- b. The Interstate Commission shall levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Compacting State to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, taking into consideration the population of the state and the volume of interstate movement of offenders in each Compacting State and shall promulgate a Rule binding upon all Compacting States which governs said assessment.
- c. The Interstate Commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the compacting

states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

- d. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its By-laws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.
- e. (1) The Interstate compact for adult offender supervision fund is established as a special fund in the State Treasury. The fund consists of moneys appropriated for the purposes of meeting financial obligations imposed on the State of New Jersey as a result of the State's participation in this compact.
- (2) An assessment levied or any other financial obligation imposed under this compact is effective against the State of New Jersey only to the extent that moneys to pay the assessment or meet the financial obligation have been appropriated and deposited in the fund established pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

- 11. Article XI. Compacting States, Effective Date and Amendment.
- a. Any state, as defined in Article II of this compact, is eligible to become a Compacting State.
- b. The Compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the Compact into law by no less than 35 of the States. The initial effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2001, or upon enactment into law by the 35th jurisdiction. Thereafter it shall become effective and binding, as to any other Compacting State, upon enactment of the Compact into law by that State. The governors of Non-member states or their designees will be invited to participate in Interstate Commission activities on a non-voting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states and territories of the United States.
- c. Amendments to the Compact may be proposed by the Interstate Commission for enactment by the Compacting States. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission and the Compacting States unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the Compacting States.

- 40 12. Article XII. Withdrawal, Default, Termination and Judicial 41 Enforcement.
 - a. Withdrawal. Once effective, the Compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and every Compacting State; provided, that a Compacting State may withdraw from the Compact ("Withdrawing State") by enacting a statute specifically repealing the statute which enacted the Compact into law.

1 The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of the repeal.

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The Withdrawing State shall immediately notify the Chairman of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this Compact in the Withdrawing State.

The Interstate Commission shall notify the other Compacting States of the Withdrawing State's intent to withdraw within sixty days of its receipt thereof.

The Withdrawing State is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including any obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.

Reinstatement following withdrawal of any Compacting State shall occur upon the Withdrawing State reenacting the Compact or upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission

b. Default. If the Interstate Commission determines that any Compacting State has at any time defaulted ("Defaulting State") in the performance of any of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact, the By-laws or any duly promulgated Rules, the Interstate Commission may impose any or all of the following penalties:

Fines, fees and costs in such amounts as are deemed to be reasonable as fixed by the Interstate Commission;

Remedial training and technical assistance as directed by the Interstate Commission; and

Suspension and termination of membership in the compact.

Suspension shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance under the By-laws and Rules have been exhausted. Immediate notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the Chief Justice or Chief Judicial Officer of the state; the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the State Council.

31 The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a 32 Compacting State to perform such obligations or responsibilities 33 imposed upon it by this compact, Interstate Commission By-laws, or The Interstate Commission shall 34 duly promulgated Rules. 35 immediately notify the Defaulting State in writing of the penalty 36 imposed by the Interstate Commission on the Defaulting State pending 37 a cure of the default. The Interstate Commission shall stipulate the 38 conditions and the time period within which the Defaulting State must 39 cure its default. If the Defaulting State fails to cure the default within 40 the time period specified by the Interstate Commission, in addition to 41 any other penalties imposed herein, the Defaulting State may be terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority 42 43 of the Compacting States and all rights, privileges and benefits 44 conferred by this Compact shall be terminated from the effective date 45 of suspension.

Within sixty days of the effective date of termination of a

Defaulting State, the Interstate Commission shall notify the Governor, 2 the Chief Justice or Chief Judicial Officer and the Majority and 3 Minority Leaders of the Defaulting State's legislature and the state 4 council of such termination.

The Defaulting State is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination including any obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of termination.

9 The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to the 10 Defaulting State unless otherwise mutually agreed upon between the Interstate Commission and the Defaulting State.

Reinstatement following termination of any Compacting State requires both a reenactment of the Compact by the Defaulting State and the approval of the Interstate Commission pursuant to the Rules.

- c. Judicial Enforcement. The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the Members, initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the Federal District where the Interstate Commission has its offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact, its duly promulgated Rules and By-laws, against any Compacting State in default. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorneys fees.
- d. Dissolution of Compact. The Compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the Compacting State which reduces membership in the Compact to one Compacting State.

Upon the dissolution of this Compact, the Compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be wound up and any surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the By-laws.

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13. Article XIII. Severability and Construction. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the Compact shall be enforceable.

The provisions of this Compact shall be liberally constructed to effectuate its purposes.

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- 14. Article XIV. Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws.
- a. Other Laws. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Compacting State that is not inconsistent with this Compact.
- All Compacting States' laws conflicting with this Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- 45 b. Binding Effect of the Compact. All lawful actions of the 46 Interstate Commission, including all Rules and By-laws promulgated

by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the Compacting 1 2 3 All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the Compacting States are binding in accordance with their terms. 5 Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning or 6 interpretation of Interstate Commission actions, and upon a majority 7 vote of the Compacting States, the Interstate Commission may issue 8 advisory opinions regarding such meaning or interpretation. 9 In the event any provision of this Compact exceeds the 10 constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any Compacting 11 State, the obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction sought to be 12 conferred by such provision upon the Interstate Commission shall be 13 ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction shall 14 remain in the Compacting State and shall be exercised by the agency 15 thereof to which such obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time this Compact becomes effective. 16 17 18 ¹[15. The following are repealed: 19 N.J.S.2A:168-14 to 2A:168-17 both inclusive; and Laws of 1953, 20 c.83, ss.1 through 8 (C.2A:168-18 through C.2A:168-25).]¹ 21 ¹[16.] 15. This act shall take effect immediately. 22 23 24 25

27 Provides for the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision.